GLOBAL **PRODUCT** CATALOGUE

website · IRIN Photo Archive · Survey of Surveys · Humanitarian

Updates · OCHA Online · Consolidated Appeals
· Situation Reports · Press Releases · ERC Key

Messages · Evaluation Reports · Brochures · Regional Funding

Updates · Meeting Schedules · Newsletters · OCHA Annual Report
· Humanitarian Bulletins · Contact Lists · ReliefWeb · IRIN Films ·

FTS · Op-eds · Humanitarian Snapshot Maps · Reference Maps

# Introduction

The mandate of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) is to mobilize and coordinate effective and principled humanitarian action in partnership with national and international actors. We do this through five core functions: coordination, policy, advocacy, information management and humanitarian financing.

One of the key ways that OCHA provides value to the humanitarian community across all of its core function is through the provision of information. While our partners may provide in-depth reporting on a specific sector, OCHA is responsible for providing the big picture of the entire humanitarian environment.

In an effort to be a more consistent and predictable provider of information, OCHA has worked to define what products are available at what interval. We have also improved the quality of the content and enhanced the visual design and layout of key products.

This Product Catalogue provides an overview of every type of OCHA information product, publication, map and graphic, film and website. All of the products are listed by group in alphabetical order. The entries include each product's purpose, frequency and distribution method. The website entries include a section on the services they provide.

We hope that the Product Catalogue makes it easier for our audiences to find the information they need to support insight and decision-making. We will be working to improve our distribution mechanisms over the coming months so that all products are shared through easily accessible communications channels. We also hope to offer specific Country and Regional Office catalogues in the future.

Please send any comments or questions to the OCHA Reporting Unit at ochareporting@un.org.

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# INFORMATION PRODUCTS

Brochures

**Contact Lists** 

**ERC Key Messages** 

**Evaluation Reports** 

Humanitarian Bulletins

Humanitarian Updates

Meeting Schedules

**Newsletters** 

OCHA on Messages

Op-eds

Policy and Studies Series

Press Releases

Regional Funding Updates

Situation Reports

Speeches

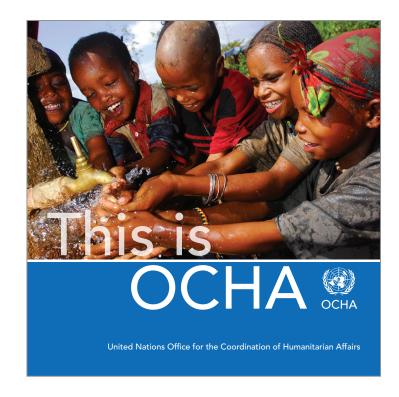
Survey of Surveys



# **Brochures**

#### **PURPOSE**

Brochures provide a concise and easy-to-read overview of various aspects of OCHA's work. They explain the Consolidated Appeals Process, the International Search and Rescue Advisory Group, Civil-Military Coordination and OCHA's Emergency Services Branch, among other things. *This is OCHA* provides a short history of OCHA and its mandate. It is the organization's flagship brochure.



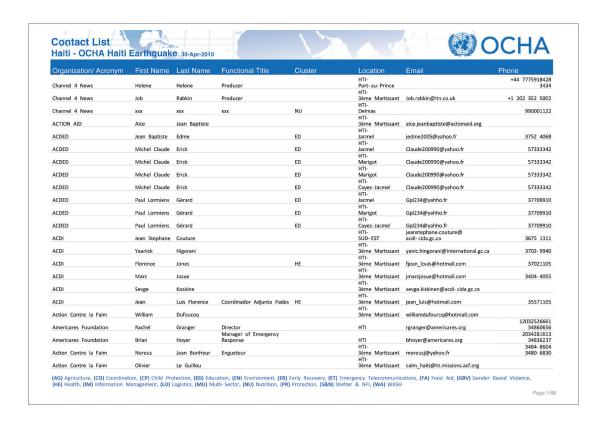
#### **FREQUENCY**

Brochures are developed on an ad hoc basic and updated as required.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

OCHA staff distribute brochures in hard copy format at meetings and events. *This is OCHA* is available on OCHA Online.

# Contact Lists



#### **PURPOSE**

Contact Lists provide the name, organization, location, e-mail and telephone number for actors working in an operational environment, including rapid-onset and chronic emergencies. Contacts are organized and provided to clients by cluster lead, thematic sector, location, or by the most useful information detail. The lists are a simple yet useful coordination tool.

#### FREQUENCY

Contact Lists are issued and updated as required.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Contact Lists are distributed at the country level through an OCHA web platform or information kiosk. To find specific country or emergency Contact Lists, go to OCHA's country and regional office websites through http://ochaonline.un.org/or e-mail Andrew Alspach at alspach@un.org.

# ERC Key Messages

#### **PURPOSE**

ERC Key Messages provide strategic communications advice on issues related to an acute crisis or chronic emergency. They are developed on behalf of the ERC in his/her role as chief advocate and enable the humanitarian community to speak with a unified voice.



ERC Key Messages Yemen Issue #1 11 January 2010

#### I. Key Messages

- The humanitarian and donor communities need to be prepared for a long-haul effort in Yemen. Since the latest bout of fighting between the Government and rebels in the north began in July 2009, the humanitarian consequences of this five year crisis have become progressively more serious, and difficult to reverse.
- The relief effort must continue to focus on improving conditions for the increasing number of IDPs as well as host communities; and on those trapped in Sa'ada Governorate where the worst of the fighting is taking place.
- 3. Around 200,000 IDPs are currently registered for assistance, mainly women and children. Less than a quarter of IDPs are located in camps, while the rest are staying with host families and communities or settling spontaneously in areas with little basic infrastructure or clean water. As the conflict becomes more protracted, pressure is increasing on both displaced and host communities, where access to basic services is poor.
- 4. Tens of thousands of affected people, particularly in Sa'ada Governorate, are estimated to be beyond the reach of humanitarian organizations. Insecurity and the remoteness of the locations where hostilities are on-going inevitably limit access. More must be done by all parties to the conflict to end attacks on civilians, aid workers and relief convoys and to ensure full respect for international humanitarian law. People must be able to move away from conflict areas, and the humanitarian community must not be obstructed in its efforts to reach those in need.
- 5. Yemen's humanitarian problems are exacerbated by the underlying extreme poverty in many parts of the country. Humanitarian and development actors must partner with the Government to ensure sustainable solutions are found to the root causes of deprivation in Yemen. We should also keep in mind the refugee population in Yemen, notably the large numbers of Somalis and Ethiopians.
- The humanitarian community in Yemen needs additional funding as it responds to the worsening crisis. On 1 December, an appeal was launched for \$177 million to cover life-saving humanitarian activities

- For internal use only -

#### **FREQUENCY**

ERC Key Messages are issued as needed when the humanitarian response to a particular emergency is affected by political complexities and the situation attracts, or has the potential to attract, significant media attention.

#### DISTRIBUTION

If you would like to be added or deleted from the ERC Key Messages mailing list, please email ochareporting@un.org with key messages in the subject line. ERC Key Messages are not publicly available on any OCHA website.

# Evaluation Reports

#### **PURPOSE**

Evaluation Reports provide an assessment of the relevance, efficiency and impact of key aspects of the humanitarian system in order to improve learning and accountability. They can be OCHA specific or inter-agency focused.

Past topics have included the Cluster Approach Evaluation (2007 and 2009), a Review of OCHA Emergency Response Funds (2007), a Two-Year Evaluation of the Central Emergency Response Fund (2008), and an Inter-Agency Real Time Evaluation of the Response to Cyclone Nargis in Myanmar (2009).

Evaluation Reports are managed by OCHA's Evaluation and Studies Section, but undertaken by independent external consultants.

# 

#### **FREQUENCY**

Evaluations are initiated by the General Assembly, the Inter-Agency Standing Committee, the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs or by OCHA's Senior Management Team.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Evaluation Reports are available on OCHA Online and ReliefWeb. For more information on Evaluation Reports, e-mail ochaesu@un.org.

# Humanitarian Bulletins

#### **PURPOSE**

Humanitarian Bulletins provide a summary of humanitarian activities within a short period of time, typically one or two weeks. They cover overall developments and key cluster/sector response activities, and are generally four to five pages long. Unlike Situation Reports, which are produced in response to acute crises, Humanitarian Bulletins do not cover the needs, response and gaps of each cluster.

Humanitarian Bulletins are currently produced by OCHA Country Offices in Colombia, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, Haiti, Niger and Somalia. Although it is not called a Bulletin, the OCHA office in the occupied Palestinian territory produces a weekly Protection of Civilians report.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Humanitarian Bulletins are produced weekly or every other week.

#### **Bulletin** d'Information Humanitaire

**OCHA** 

1210

Prochain hulletin vers le 19 avril 2010

#### Faits Maieurs

- Lancement du Plan d'Action Humanitaire d'Urgence pour le Niger le 07 avril à Genève
- Des écoles de Zinder enregistrent de forts taux d'abandons scolaires suite au départ de familles entières dans le centente estreil d'innéreration
- Méningite/rougeole: double épidémie dans la CU de Zinder.

#### I. CONTEXTE

Le Chef de l'Etat Djibo Salou a procédé le 8 avril 2010 à l'installation officielle du Conseil Consultatif National (CCN) composé de 131 membres issus de différentes couches socio - professionnelles du pays un comité de 19 membres chargé de la rédaction des textes fondamentaux (la constitution et le code électoral) et un conseil constitutionnel chargé du contrôle de la régularité et de la transparence du référendum et des élections présidentielles et locales à venir. L'une des missions du CCN est de donner son avis sur les textes fondamentaux et de faire des suggestions concernant la mise en place d'une commission électorale et les dates des prochaines élections. Sa première session ordinaire s'est ouverte le 12 avril.

Le lancement du Plan d'Action Humanitaire d'Urgence pour la lutte contre l'insécurité alimentaire a eu lieu le 7 avril au Palisis des Nations Unies à Genève, en présence de la Coordinatrice Humanitaire du Niger, du Chef de Bureau d'OCHA et de plus de 40 pays membres. Plusieurs promesses de financement ont été enregistrées. Ce plan requiert 190 millions de doilars dont 133 millions restent à financer. Il comprend per pojets de neuf ONG et de cinq agences des Nations Unies. Le lancement a été suivi d'une conférence de presse à New York et à Cenève.

#### II. SITUATION HUMANITAIRE

#### A- SÉCURITÉ ALIMENTAIRE :

Suite à l'appel lancé par le gouvernement, le Royaume du Maroc a fait un don de 11t de médicaments et de plus de 93t de vivres (riz, mais, d'huile, lait en poudre, sardines et sucre). Ce don est accompagné d'une somme de 300 millions de FCFA dont la molité aurait été mise à la disposition de la CCA. L'Union Economique et Monétaire Ouest Africaine (UEMOA) a apporté une contribution de 200 millions de FCFA au Niger.

Tillabéri : le CICR prévoit une assistance alimentaire de 5500t de céréales au profit de 4000 familles de Ouallam et Filingué, sur une période de huit mois. Un appui de 34t de semences est également prévu en faveur de 1000 à 1400 ménages.

Situation pastorale: selon le SIM, une baisse des présentations et des prix des animaux a été constatée sur les marchés à bétail en mars. Par rapport au mois de février, une baisse des prix comprise entre 3 et 27% selon les espèces a été relevée. Par ailleurs, des foyers de clavelée (variole bovine) ont été déclarés par le Ministère de l'Agriculture et de l'élevage dans les régions de Tahous et Zinder. Les services techniques de l'élevage mênent une large couverture vaccinale pour éradiquer la maladie.

AGADEZ : le 9 avril, la région d'Agadez a clôturé son opération de vente de céréales à prix modéré avec 938t de céréales.

Assistance : pour participer à l'atténuation de la crise à Agadez, le CICR prévoit une assistance alimentaire de 3000t de céréales qui s'étendra sur six mois au profit de 8000 familles. Par ailleurs, l'opération CFW de réhabilitation de la digue d'Alercès a démarré le 5 avril pour une durée de 27 jours en faveur de 50 personnes.

La DREIA informe que la campagne de vaccination des bovins et des ovins a pris fin le 30 mars. Environ 61% des bovins et 17 % des ovins ont été vaccinés. Cette campagne n'a pu couvrir la totalité des animaux en raison de sa durée limitée et du manque de moyens logistiques et financiers de la DREIA.

DIFFA: La plupart des activités prévues dans le Plan de Soutien du gouvernement ont démarré à Diffa: vente de céraleis à prix modérés (4 908t pour 274 440 personnes), CFW pour la fixation des dunes (113.629.245 FCFA pour 604ha de dunes fixées), prise en charge nutilifornéel (53 000 enfaints altendus).

Bureau de la Coordination des Affaires Humanitaires - (OCHA Niger), 267, rue des Dallols, Quartier plateau I, Niamey Niger http://ochaonline.un.org/niger

#### DISTRIBUTION

All Country Office reports can be accessed via their respective websites, which are available through OCHA Online under 'Where We Work'. They are also available on ReliefWeb. For more information, e-mail ochareporting@un.org.

# Humanitarian **Updates**

#### **PURPOSE**

Humanitarian Updates provide a comprehensive look at humanitarian activities over a one- or twomonth period. They generally include a situation overview, updates on key thematic/sectoral issues or geographic regions, funding status and upcoming events. Graphs and charts are often included to show trends with the humanitarian environment.

Humanitarian Updates are currently produced by OCHA Country Offices in Afghanistan, Chad, Guinea, Nepal, the occupied Palestinian territory, Pakistan, the Philippines, Sudan, Yemen and Zimbabwe. They are also produced by two OCHA Regional Offices: the Regional Office in the Middle East, North Africa and Central Asia, and the Regional Office for West and Central Africa.

### **FREQUENCY**

Humanitarian Updates are produced monthly or every other month.

#### Monthly Humanitarian Update



- Measles deaths escalate to 110.
   Teachers' strike affects 75% of country's schools.
   New cholera outbreak reported.
   CAP 2010 still under-funded.

#### I. Situation Overview

The humanitarian situation in Zimbabwe continues to record notable changes in comparison to early 2009.

Improvements such as a significant reduction in the number of cholera cases and people needing food aid, compared to 2009 as reflected in the current 2010 Consolidated Appeal (CAP) requirement of US\$378 million, are well worth noting.

There is, however, need to remain cautious as the humanitarian situation is still precarious and therefore vulnerable to sudden shocks.

The dry spell, experienced by parts of the country from mid-December 2009 to February 2010, has raised concerns as it may affect food security. According to the First Round Crop and Livestock Assessment report released in February 2010, although the area planted for maize increased by 14% from 1,507,968 Ha in 2008/9 to 1,723,990 Ha in 2009/10, about 200,574 Ha, representing 11.6% of area planted is a write off because of the dry spell. The humanitarian community continues to monitor the situation and is prepared to address possible food shortages.

However, it is concerning that the main instrument for this kind of support, the CAP, is largely under-funded and may therefore not fulfil its intentions. By end of February, only USSS million, representing 1.3% of the requirement, had been committed.

Meanwhile, issues that need urgent interventions continue to arise. For example, the strike by civil servants, escalation of measles cases and deaths and the resurgence of cholera are all cause for concern and reflect the continued need for humanitarian

The mission of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Huma

While acknowledging the steps that are taking place towards recovery, it is imperative to recognise these persistent humanitarian gaps. To this end, a balance between humanitarian and early recovery activities is

Consequently, the humanitarian community continues to work with the Government of Zimbabwe (GoZ) to assist vulnerable communities and consolidate the gains made so far, while preparing for the inevitable transition towards early recovery. The current CAP includes early recovery and "humanitarian plus" interventions which, although of a recovery nature, are considered time-critical and life-saving in the context of Zinbabwe. context of Zimbabwe

The humanitarian community continues to appeal to donors to support the CAP in order to fortify progress while placing the country on track for recovery. Lack of funding at this crucial time could derail progress made between the latter part of 2009 and now.

#### II. Humanitarian Needs and Response

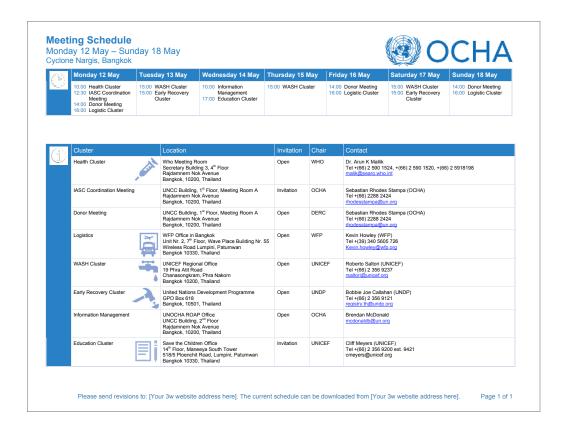
Disease outbreaks flared up with new cholera and more measles deaths and cases being reported. These had been under control for the latter part of 2009 and early 2010.

The number of deaths related to measles more than doubled, rising to 110 by end of February, compared to 50 at the end of January 2010. Of these 107, representing 97% of the total, occurred within the community. A total 256 cases were confirmed to be IgM positive out of 968 blood specimens received by polio-measles laboratory. Altogether 1,482

#### DISTRIBUTION

All Country and Regional Office reports can be accessed via their respective websites, which are available through OCHA Online under 'Where We Work'. They are also available on ReliefWeb. For more information, e-mail ochareporting@un.org.

# Meeting Schedules



#### **PURPOSE**

Meeting Schedules provide the time, location and function of all meetings taking place in an operational environment, including rapid-onset and chronic emergencies. They are a simple yet useful coordination tool.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Meeting Schedules are issued and updated as required.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Meeting Schedules are mainly distributed at the country level through an OCHA web platform or information kiosk. To find specific country or emergency Meeting Schedules, visit OCHA's country and regional office websites through http://ochaonline.un.org/ or e-mail Andrew Alspach at alspach@un.org.

## Newsletters

#### **PURPOSE**

Newsletters provide a brief, periodic update on the work of a specific OCHA entity or fund. Although a complete list of all OCHA Newsletters is not yet available, they are produced by the Environmental Emergencies Unit, the Stand-By Partnership Programme, the Gender Advisory Team, and the OCHA Brussels Liaison Office.

The Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)
Newsletter provides a summary of funding
allocations by country, sector, agency and
emergency type. It also highlights CERF policy
issues and major trends in humanitarian funding.



#### **FREQUENCY**

Newsletters are produced on a periodic basis. The CERF Newsletter is produced quarterly.

#### DISTRIBUTION

To find out more about OCHA Newsletters, e-mail ochareporting@un.org. The CERF Newsletter is e-mailed to subscribers and available on the CERF website (http://cerf.un.org).

# OCHA on Messages

#### **PURPOSE**

OCHA on Messages (OOMs) help staff and humanitarian partners to communicate OCHA's position on key issues. Topics include access, humanitarian principles, integration and internal displacement, among others. Each document includes the same headings: What is the issue?; What is the role of OCHA?; What does OCHA say?; and To find out more. OOMs also include case studies and relevant quotes by senior officials.

# OCHA on Message: Humanitarian Principles

#### What are Humanitarian Principles?

Humanitarian principles provide the fundamental foundations for humanitarian action.

Humanitarian principles are central to establishing and maintaining access to affected populations whether in the context of a natural disaster, an armed conflict or a complex emergency. Promoting compliance with humanitarian reprinciples in humanitarian response is an essential element of effective humanitarian coordination. It is also central to the role of OCHA.

#### **Humanitarian Principles**

Humanity	Neutrality	Impartiality	Operational independence
Human suffering must be addressed wherever it is found. The purpose of humanitarian action is to protect life and health and ensure respect for human beings.	Humanitarian actors must not take sides in hostilities or engage in controversies of a political, racial, religious or ideological nature.	Humanitarian action must be carried out on the basis of need alone, giving priority to the most urgent cases of distress and making no distinctions on the basis of nationality, race, gender, religious belief, class or political opinions.	Humanitarian action must be autonomous from the political, economic, military or other objectives that any actor may hold with regard to areas where humanitarian action is being implemented.

The central role of these principles in the United Nations humanitarian work is formally enshrined in two resolutions by the General Assembly. The first three principles are endorsed in General Assembly Resolution 44/182, which was passed in 1991. This is also the resolution that established the role of the Emergency Relief Coordinator (ERC). The fourth principle was added in 2004 under Resolution 58/114.

Commitment to humanitarian principles is also expressed at an institutional level by the vast majority of humanitarian organizations. In addition, 481 organizations globally are signatory to the Red Cross/NGO Code of Conduct for operations in disasters, which includes a commitment to adhere to these humanitarian principles¹.

"The moral authority of the United Nations depends on its ability to help people most in need and it must do so with the highest ethical standards and professionalism."

Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon, Council of Foreign Relations, New York, May 2006

umanitarian principles have practical operational relevance. Much humanitarian action



OCHA on Message is an internal reference product to enable staff to communicate OCHA's position on key issues. For more information contact the Reporting Unit at ochareporting@un.org



OOMs are produced throughout the year and updated as required.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

OOMs are circulated through various distribution lists for humanitarian partners, Member States and staff. To be added to a distribution list, e-mail ochareporting@un.org. They are also available on OCHA Online.

# Op-eds

#### **PURPOSE**

Op-eds communicate the key advocacy messages of the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs on a specific country or theme through prominent media outlets. The op-eds are typically about 800 words. Past topics have included the situation in Gaza, the need for preparedness for the Caribbean hurricane season, the humanitarian implications of climate change and the need for continued donor support for humanitarian operations in Somalia.

They are translated into multiple languages and reprinted in print and online media after initial publication.



#### **FREQUENCY**

Op-eds are produced as required.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Once printed publicly, they are distributed through the United Nations Department of Public Information and made available on OCHA Online.

# Policy and Studies Series

#### **PURPOSE**

The Policy and Studies Series provide an indepth analysis of humanitarian policy issues. They include information on normative developments, principles for humanitarian assistance, and advice on compliance and accountability.

The Series currently includes two publications: A Reference Guide on the Normative Developments on the Coordination of Humanitarian Assistance in the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council, and the Security Council since the Adoption of General Assembly Resolution 46/182; and an aide-memoire for the consideration of issues pertaining to the protection of civilians in armed conflict.

# REFERENCE GUIDE Normative Developments on the coordination of humanitarian assistance in the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council, and the Security Council since the adoption of General Assembly resolution 46/182 Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs Policy Development and Studies Branch

#### **FREQUENCY**

New issues of the Policy and Studies Series are developed as required.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Issues of the Policy and Studies Series can be found on OCHA Online.

## Press Releases

#### **PURPOSE**

A Press Release raises the public profile of an event or issue. It is a one-page external document that provides information on a key area of interest.



Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs

#### UN CONDEMNS ATTACKS ON AID WORKERS IN PAKISTAN

New York/Islamabad, 11 March 2010: The murder of six staff of the non-governmental organization World Vision International in Mansehra District on 10 March is part of a disturbing trend of attacks on aid workers in Pakistan that are preventing thousands of displaced and needy Pakistanis from accessing life-saving assistance, and gravely endangering the lives of humanitarians.

John Holmes, the Emergency Relief Coordinator, condemned these murders in the strongest terms, making clear that nothing could justify such attacks on those trying to help the people of Pakistan.

The UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon lent his voice to this condemnation. "As we once again mourn the loss of innocent humanitarian workers in Pakistan, I insist in the strongest terms that all the armed actors in the country must ensure the safety of aid workers, not least for the sake of the people they are trying to help."

Attacks on aid staff in Pakistan are sadly increasing. In Mansehra District in 2008, five Plan International staff were murdered by armed attackers. Twelve United Nations staff members have been killed, and 12 others injured in four separate violent incidents since January 2009. In October 2009, WFP's main office in Islamabad was partly destroyed by a suicide bomber, killing five staff members.

In 2009, despite the severe risks, the UN and partners helped the Government of Pakistan assist well ower 2 million people who had been displaced by fighting in north-west Pakistan, as well as host communities and people affected by the fighting who never left their places of origin. The aid community altogether provided some 4.3 million people with food. This operation is continuing. The Pakistan Humanitarian Response Plan is esceking 5537 million for six months from January to June 2010, covering both UN agency and NGO efforts. As in other crises around the world, UN and non-UN organizations work in very close partnership, bringing their respective strengths to bear on the problems in complementary ways.

Pakistan was hit by a severe earthquake in October of 2005 that rendered 3 million people homeless. The World Vision International office in Mansehra District was working to provide assistance to survivors of that disaster.

For further Information, please call: OCHA-New York: Stephanic Bunker, +1 917 367 5126, mobile +1 347 244 2106, bunker@un.org; Nicholus Reader +1 212 963 4961, mobile +1 646 752 3117, reader@un.org; John Nyuga, +1 917 318 8917, paya@f@un.org; OCHA-Gen 10-91 367 9262, mobile +1 91 731 88 8917, paya@f@un.org; OCHA-gen 10-91 367 9367 941 22 917 2653, mobile, +4 17 9473 4370. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1001/john.com/puncog-a-man-glightw-hint.">https://doi.org/10.1001/john.com/puncog-a-man-glightw-hint.</a>

The mission of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) is to mobilize and coordinate effective and principled humanitarian action in partnership with national and international actors.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Press Releases are issued as required, but generally at the onset or escalation of an emergency, the launch of an appeal or report, or to state a position or report on a high-level mission.

#### DISTRIBUTION

At Headquarters, Press Releases are issued by the OCHA Spokesperson. To be added to this distribution list, e-mail Nick Reader (reader@un.org). Press Releases are also issued by OCHA Country and Regional Offices to local audiences. All OCHA Press Releases can be found on OCHA Online and ReliefWeb.

# Regional Humanitarian Funding Updates

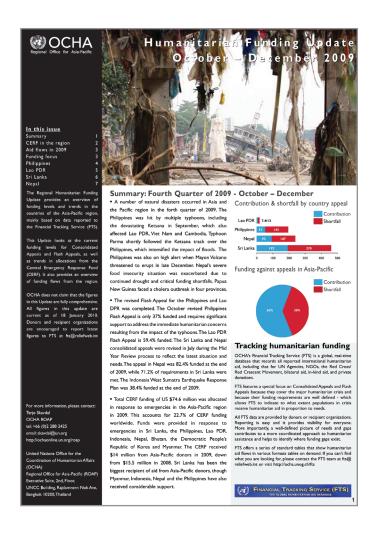
#### **PURPOSE**

The Regional Humanitarian Funding Updates provide a quarterly overview of funding levels and trends, mainly based on data reported to the Financial Tracking Service. They give a breakdown of CERF and pooled fund activities, CAP and Flash Appeal levels, and aid flows in the region.

At this time, they are only produced by two offices: the Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific (ROAP) and the Regional Office for the Middle East, North Africa and Central Asia (ROMENACA). Updates from the ROMENACA office are available in English and Arabic.

#### **FREQUENCY**

The Regional Humanitarian Funding Updates are produced on a quarterly basis.



#### DISTRIBUTION

OCHA ROAP and ROMENACA distribute the Updates to a broad mailing list. To be added or deleted to the ROMENACA list, e-mail romenaca@ un.org. To be added to the ROAP list, e-mail Craig Williams at williamscv@un.org.

For more information on all local-level products produced by OCHA regional offices, go to http://ochaonline.un.org.

# Situation Reports

#### **PURPOSE**

A Situation Report is a concise operational document intended to support the coordination of humanitarian response in an acute crisis. It provides a snapshot of current needs, response and gaps in a given emergency.

An OCHA Situation Report is used to help actors directly involved in the humanitarian emergency to be aware of what each of them is working on and to inform the wider humanitarian community about developments in the field. It is also a resource mobilization tool.



This report was issued by OCHA New York. The next report will be issued on or around 8 February 2010.

#### I. HIGHLIGHTS/KEY PRIORITIES

- Seven organized settlements have been established for 42,000 displaced people; some 460,000 people remain in 315 spontaneous settlements throughout Port-au-Prince, according to IOM.
   Sanitation and vector control is becoming a major concern in many of the spontaneous settlements which lack proper site planning.
   WFP reports that people in outlying departments are finding it difficult meeting their basic food needs due to an increase in food prices.

- neeos due to an increase in tood prices.

  The targeted immunization campaign continues in settlement sites. To date, there has been no notification of events with epidemic potential, according to PAHO/WHO.

  Some 80 to 90 flights per day are landing at Port-au-Prince airport, down from the peak of 120-150
- Gilpits per day.

  Traffic congestion is a major issue in Port-au-Prince and at the Jimani border crossing.

  Humanitarian organizations continue to partner with local radio stations to broadcast important messages to affected populations such as how to get food and where to get vaccinated.

#### II. Situation Overview

The Prime Minister declared on 3 February that the death toll could be as high as 200,000 people with some 300,000 injured. The Government's Civil Protection Agency is verifying the latest figures for dead and injured but has not issued an official update since 28 January when it reported that 112,405 had died and 196,595 were injured. The number of people leaving Port-au-Prince for rural areas — around 482,349 people — has also not been revised since 28 January.

Sanitation and vector control is becoming a major concern in many of the spontaneous settlements which lack proper site planning, according to the WASH Cluster. So far, seven organized settlements have been established for 42,000 displaced people but some 460,000 people are still living in 31s spontaneous settlements throughout Port-au-Prince, according to IOM. Available land continues to be sought particularly in the vicinity of heavily crowded spontaneous settlements in Champs de Mars, Place Boyer and Place St Pierre. UNICEF reports that there are an increasing number of children with diarrhea in temporary settlements.



To date, there has been no notification of events with epidemic potential, according to PAHO/WHO. Disease surveillance continues. There are \$2 government-defined sentinel sites, 12 of which are located in the metropolitan Port-au-Prince area. Investigations are also being conducted by three mobile teams from the Ministry of Health, the US Center for Disease Control and PAHO/WHO. The National Directors of Epidemiology of Haiti and the Dominican Republic conducted a joint visit to the border area in order to reactivate the surveillance network there.

The targeted immunization campaign (measles, diphtheria, rubella, tetanus and whooping) continues to focus on people living in densely populated temporary settlements. Six suspected measles cases have been reported (three in Port-au-Prince and three in Jacmel). Of these, one case in Port-au-Prince was confirmed as varicella and the other two discarded. The three cases in Jacmel are being investigated, Indigenous measles had been eliminated from all countries in the Americas and intense efforts continue to keep the region

The mission of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) is to mobilize and coordinate effective and principled humanitarian action in partnership with national and international actors.

#### **FREQUENCY**

The first Situation Report is generally issued within 24 hours of an emergency. In the initial phase of the emergency, a Situation Report is issued every day. As the situation becomes more stable, reporting moves to every second or third day.

#### DISTRIBUTION

OCHA has a global situation report mailing list. The situation reports that are distributed on this list are for major crises only. To be added or deleted from this list, please email ochareporting@ un.org with sitrep in the subject line.

To receive all OCHA situation reports, including those produced for smaller scale crises on a local scale, go to ReliefWeb (http://www.reliefweb.int) and sign up under 'My Reliefweb' to receive all OCHA reports. These will be sent to your email inbox.

# Speeches

#### **PURPOSE**

The Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs uses speeches to communicate to key constituencies in a detailed and forward-looking way. Past topics include humanitarian challenges in the twentieth century, private sector involvement in humanitarian work, the relationship between NATO and humanitarian organizations, and the importance of humanitarian reform and strengthening.

Speeches have been delivered at a range of public and private venues, including the European Union's Political and Security Committee, King's College London, the International Peace Institute in New York, the Brookings Institute in Washington, D.C., and various universities and institutes around the world.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Speeches are produced as required.

#### - Checked Against Delivery -

Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator Sir John Holmes

Speech to the RedR/King's College London conference: Hard Realities and Future Necessities: The Role of the Private Sector in Humanitarian Efforts

Keynote address: New Dimensions of Collaboration and the Corporate Sector

London, UK, 3 December 2009

Your Royal Highness. Ladies and Gentlemen. Colleagues.

It is a great pleasure to join you today. My sincere thanks to King's College for hosting us and for the invitation to deliver this address, and to RedR for its support.

In principle, the private sector and humanitarians should be natural allies. Both reward – at least in principle - innovation and creativity, speed, being in the right place at the right time, getting the job done against the odds. In reality however, while there have been some tantalizing examples of what we can accomplish together – TNT trucks delivering the first food aid in Banda Aceh after the Asian tsunami, the \$2 billion private corporations raised for that emergency, strong partnerships in the logistics and telecommunications sectors—in reality we have not yet found ways to engage together systematically and productively. This is inward looking, and short sighted, and does not sit well with the scale and severity of the humanitarian challenges that face us today.

I also have the impression that for many companies, engaging in humanitarian work and with humanitarian organizations remains a poor cousin to their engagement at

#### DISTRIBUTION

Once printed publicly, they are distributed through the United Nations Department of Public Information and made available on OCHA Online.

1

# Survey of Surveys

SURVEY OF SUR	WEYS:	HAITI 2010 (Updated 1	U Warch 2010)				OC	$\PiA_{\_}$
CLUSTER	No.	LEAD AGENCY and PARTNERS	Date	Title/ Subject		Remarks	Report	Contact
AGRICULTURE		FAO and EU Civil Protection		Aerial Agriculture assessment	Grande Goave and Leogane areas	Aerial assessments to be complemented by field visits		
	2	Agriculture Cluster and		Impact of displacement on food				
СССМ	1	nartner agencies CCCM Cluster and partner agencies	Ongoing, updated weekly -	security Displacement Tracking Matrix	Displacement sites (+/- 550)	Needs and Gap analysis, links to google map - FIRST REPORT AVAILABLE		Patrice Quesada
		ІОМ	February	Rapid Internal Migration Assessment	Port au Prince, Leogane, Petion- Ville, Jacmel, Jeremie			
	3	ACTED	March	Household Vulnerability Analysis in Camps (?)				Sandra Lamarque/ Pauline Fargas
	4	ACTED	planned	Household Vulnerability Analysis in Camps (?)	Port au Prince			Sandra Lamarque/ Jodelle Tehsome
Child Protection Sub	1	Map Action	28-Jan	Who What Where in Child Protection		Мар		
	2	ACTED	March	Multicluster in Orphanages	9 orphanages in Leogane			Sandra Lamarque/ Pauline Fargas
EDUCATION	1	Ministry of Education,	1-Feb-10	Basic Education Needs Assessment	Departments of Ouest, South-East, Nippes		Report/Results partially available (Jacmel)	MENFP, Edu Cluste (waruerkariuki@ya oo.co.uk, aberther@unicef.o )
	2	Save The Children, UNICEF, MENFP	22 - 25 Feb 2010	Joint Rapid Needs Assessment (complementary to MoE assessment)	Departments of Ouest, South-East, Nippes	Pilot of the draft Joint Education Needs Assessment Toolkit for Education in Emergencies	Report available	Lisa Bender: lisa.bender@gmail om
ENVIRONMENT	1	UNEP	21-Jan-10	Rapid Environment Assessment				Charles Kelly
SHELTER AND NFI	1	IOM, IADB, Government of Haiti	17-Jan-10	Technical Assessment	Croix des Bouquets	Suitability for 100,000 person settlement. Further assessments to		
	2	COOPI - Cooperazione Internazionale	February	Rapid Assessment of Camps	Delmas 3 (3000 - 5000 people), Associacion Olureh on New Boulevard			
	3	CARE International	3-Mar-10	(Pilot) Shelter Assessment in Leogane	Gran Savanne/ Leogane (Rural) and Rue de l'hopitale Centre Ville/ Leogane (Urban)	small sample	results available	jmulliez@care.org
	4	Ceti Okay/ Jean Robert Cadet Restavek Foundation	19-Jan-10	Assessment to Delmas Site				
	5	UN HABITAT/ GoH and partners		Structural Damage Assessments (SDA)				
	6	GoH and humanitarian partners		Land Assessments				
FOOD	1	WFP and partners of EFSA	end of January - first week of Feb; draft report by Feb 24	Emergency Food Security Assessment (EFSA)		EFSA will feed into PDNA		
	2	WFP		Assessment of Distribution Points	Port au Prince	WFP security and engineering have completed assessment of 4 distribution points in PaP that will serve as 14 settlement areas		

#### **PURPOSE**

The Survey of Surveys provides a consolidated overview of all surveys and assessments conducted by humanitarian actors in an operational environment. They include an overview of key information such as where the assessment or survey took place, by whom, when, the thematic focus, geographic coverage and contact details.

#### **FREQUENCY**

The Survey of Surveys is issued and updated as required.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Survey of Surveys are distributed at the country level through an OCHA web platform or information kiosk. To find specific country or emergency Survey of Surveys, go to OCHA's country and regional office websites through http://ochaonline.un.org/ or e-mail Andrew Alspach at alspach@un.org.

# IASC PRODUCTS

Consolidated Appeals

Flash Appeals



# Consolidated Appeals

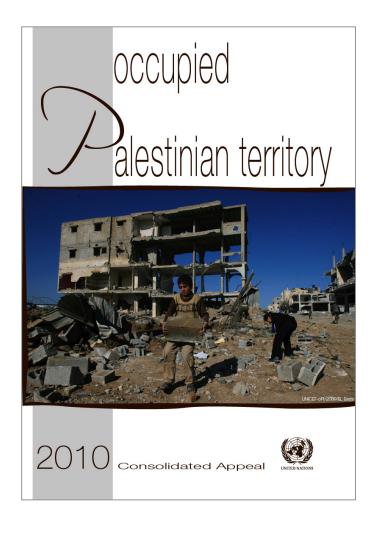
#### **PURPOSE**

The Consolidated Appeal Process (CAP) is the method used by aid organizations to jointly analyse needs, develop a common humanitarian strategy, elaborate detailed workplans and corresponding projects, and monitor and measure collective results. Speaking with a common voice, United Nations agencies and NGOs can raise funds, improve access to vulnerable populations and work more effectively with governments and other actors. The CAP has contributed significantly to developing a more strategic approach to humanitarian action.

Donors use CAPs as strategic guides to major crises. They also use them as 'catalogues' of projects that they can fund with confidence, in the knowledge that each project has been peer-reviewed in its cluster and is part of an orchestrated strategy rather than a disconnected activity. Since 1992, well over 100 donor countries have provided \$42 billion for 330 appeals to address the needs of people in more than 50 countries and regions.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Most Consolidated Appeals, especially recurring appeals for protracted crises, are published in November and have a one-year planning and budgeting horizon (January-December). However, a CAP can be published at any time as needed and with flexible duration. Revisions to the appeals are published after a mid-year review process in July.



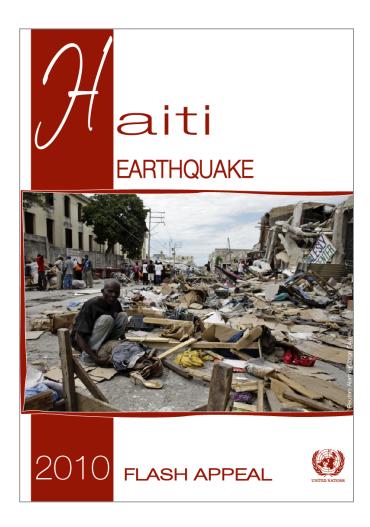
#### **DISTRIBUTION**

The Secretary-General and/or Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs launch the Consolidated Appeals at a meeting of Member States and the donor community. The appeals are also circulated electronically and in hard copy to a comprehensive distribution list. They are available throughout the year on OCHA Online and ReliefWeb in PDF, Word and HTML formats. OCHA's Financial Tracking Service (FTS) (www.reliefweb.int/fts) records all reported contributions towards the appeals, as well as any reported international humanitarian aid. FTS also displays full details of each project in the appeals in a continually updated electronic format. This means that donors and other stakeholders can always access the latest version.

# Flash Appeals

#### **PURPOSE**

The Flash Appeal is a tool for structuring a coordinated humanitarian response for the first three to six months of a new emergency. It contains contextual and needs analysis based on initial estimates and inferences regarding the scale and severity of a crisis, a response plan and summaries of proposed projects. Aid organizations use Flash Appeals to coordinate the response among themselves and to raise funds for the response.



#### **FREQUENCY**

Flash Appeals are issued whenever a humanitarian emergency requires it. The Humanitarian Coordinator is responsible for initiating the appeal development process.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

As soon as the appeals are completed, they are circulated electronically and then posted on OCHA Online and ReliefWeb in PDF, Word and HTML formats. OCHA no longer prints hard copies of the rapid first edition of Flash Appeals, because the information is likely to change too fast. However, OCHA prints the revised edition of the appeal and distributes it to a comprehensive list. The Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs or designate may launch a Flash Appeal at a meeting of Member States and the donor community. OCHA's Financial Tracking Service (FTS) (www.reliefweb.int/fts) records all reported contributions towards the appeals, as well as any reported international humanitarian aid. FTS also displays full details of each project in the appeals in a continually updated electronic format. This means that donors and other stakeholders can always access the latest version.

# PUBLICATIONS

CERF Annual Report
OCHA Annual Report
OCHA in 20xx Annual Plan and Budget



# CERF Annual Report

#### **PURPOSE**

The CERF Annual Report provides shareholders with an analysis of the use and management of the fund over the past calendar year. It identifies trends in allocations and details policy changes for making the fund ever more efficient and effective.

# United Nations Central Emergency Response Fund 2008 Annual Report



#### **FREQUENCY**

The CERF Annual Report is released in July.

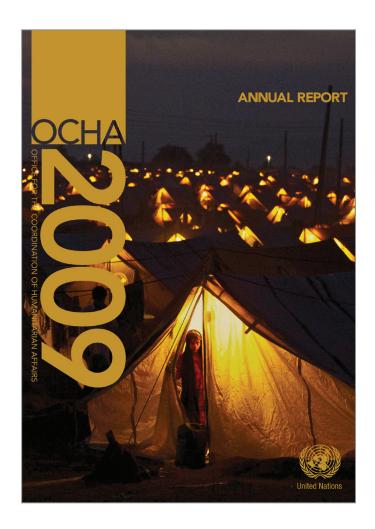
#### **DISTRIBUTION**

The CERF Annual Report is distributed in hard copy to all Member States of the United Nations. It is also sent to the growing number of private corporations that contribute to the fund. It is available in PDF format on the CERF website (http://cerf.un.org/).

# OCHA Annual Report

#### **PURPOSE**

The OCHA Annual Report details achievements against planned activities and expenditures described in the OCHA in 20xx Annual Plan and Budget. It includes financial analysis on how funds were spent across all offices and reports on progress against agreed performance indicators.



#### **FREQUENCY**

The OCHA Annual Report is released in June, following OCHA's end-of-cycle review.

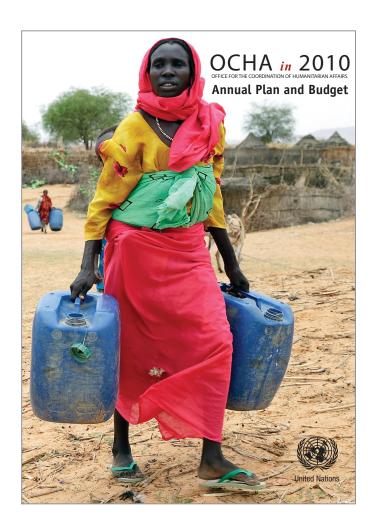
#### **DISTRIBUTION**

The Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs launches the publication at a meeting of Member States and the donor community. The report is circulated electronically and in hard copy to a comprehensive distribution list. It is also available on OCHA Online in PDF and HTML formats.

# OCHA in 20xx Annual Plan and Budget

#### **PURPOSE**

The OCHA in 20xx Annual Plan and Budget is a planning and resource mobilization publication. It details the organization's planned activities and accompanying budget for the year ahead. The publication is used to raise money against requirements and as a reference to later evaluate the achievement of expected results.



#### **FREQUENCY**

OCHA in 20XX is produced annually. It is generally released in December or January, at the end of OCHA's cost and work planning cycle.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

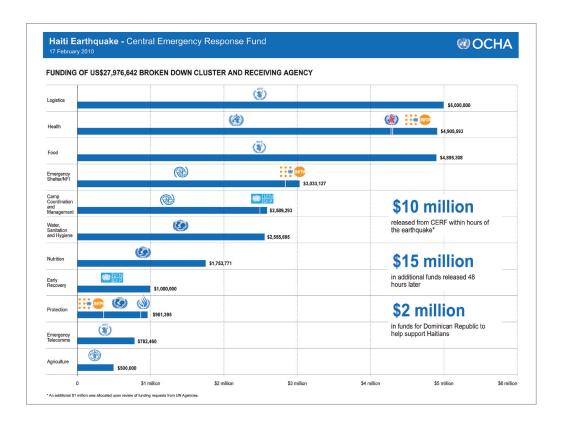
The Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs launches the publication at a meeting of Member States and the donor community. The report is circulated electronically and in hard copy to a comprehensive distribution list. It is also available on OCHA Online in PDF and HTML formats.

# MAPS GRAPHICS

Funding Graphics
Humanitarian Snapshot Maps
Location Maps
Operational Maps
Organizational Graphics
Reference Maps
Thematic Maps



# Funding Graphics



#### **PURPOSE**

Funding Graphics display the level of funding by cluster or receiving agency for the Central Emergency Response Fund, Consolidated Appeals, Flash Appeals and various pooled funds. They are mainly based on information reported to OCHA's Financial Tracking System.

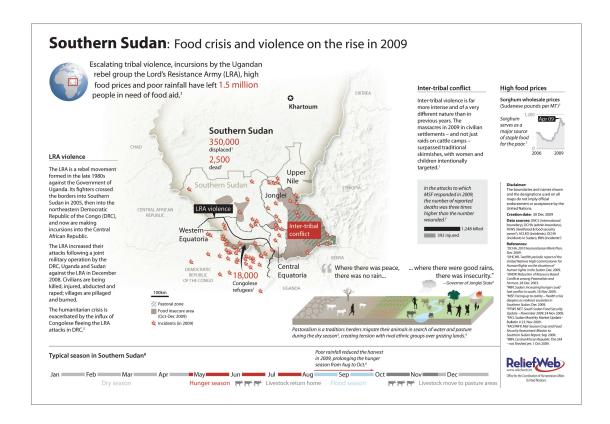
#### **FREQUENCY**

Funding Graphics are produced as needed and frequently updated.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Developed by OCHA's Advocacy and Visual Media Unit in New York, Funding Graphics are available on OCHA Online and ReliefWeb. During large-scale corporate emergencies, they are distributed at Headquarters through a graphics and maps mailing list. For more information on Funding Graphics, contact Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org.

# Humanitarian Snapshot Maps



#### **PURPOSE**

A Humanitarian Snapshot map is a full-page visual of key thematic issues and trends related to a specific crisis. It uses geo-referenced information and narrative summaries to provide context and insight to the causes and trends of an emergency.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Humanitarian Snapshots are issued when there is a new emergency or significant change to an existing emergency. They are also used to advocate forgotten crises and severely under-reported humanitarian situations.

Each map is updated based on user demand, the evolution of the crisis, the availability of data, and staff capacity. They take one to two weeks to complete. On average, 15-20 Humanitarian Snapshot maps are produced each year.

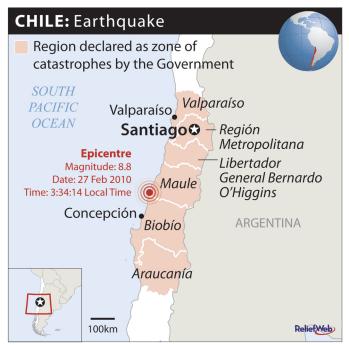
#### **DISTRIBUTION**

The map is posted on ReliefWeb (www. reliefweb.int) and highlighted on the home page. New maps are announced on Facebook and Twitter. Depending on the importance of the disaster or emergency, OCHA may send an e-mail notification through regular dissemination channels. For comments and questions on ReliefWeb maps, e-mail: maps@reliefweb.int.

# Location Maps

#### **PURPOSE**

A Location Map is a small, 250-pixel-width visual that highlights the affected areas of an emergency at a country or regional scale. It provides the humanitarian community with a timely visual on affected areas, often before field offices and deployed response teams are able to produce similar products. Its format allows for easy integration into any report or website.



**27 Feb 2010** - A 8.8 magnitude earthquake struck near Concepción in Chile. At least 150 are reported dead; numbers are expected to rise.

Map Sources: UNCS, Europa Technologies, USGS, GAUL.
Reference: OCHA. Chile Earthquake Situation Report #1.27 Feb 2010.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created on 27 Feb 2010 – www.reliefweb.int

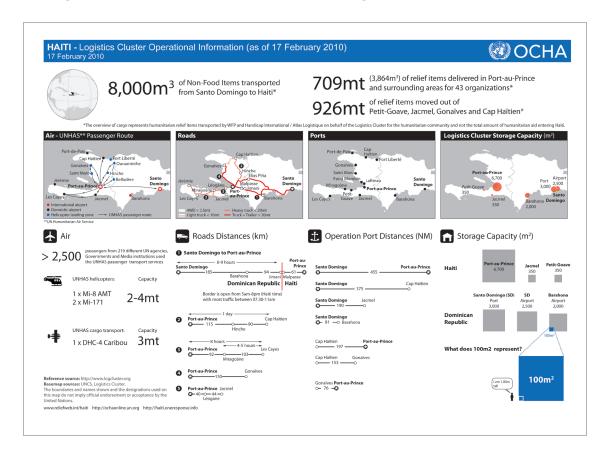
#### **FREQUENCY**

Location Maps are produced within a few hours of a rapid-onset emergency. Updates depend on the scale of the disaster and the quality of new incoming data. As map production and coverage from other sources reaches acceptable levels, the ReliefWeb Map Centre ceases its map creation in order to avoid duplication.

#### DISTRIBUTION

The map is posted on ReliefWeb (www.reliefweb. int) and highlighted on the home page. New maps are announced on Facebook and Twitter Depending on the importance of the disaster or emergency, OCHA may send an e-mail notification through regular dissemination channels. For comments and questions on ReliefWeb maps, e-mail: maps@reliefweb.int

# Operational Maps



#### **PURPOSE**

Operational maps help humanitarian staff orient themselves to a new operational environment. The maps support operational planning, coordination and provide a common context for collection and collation of information. Produced with varying levels of detail, they are useful for a local and global audience.

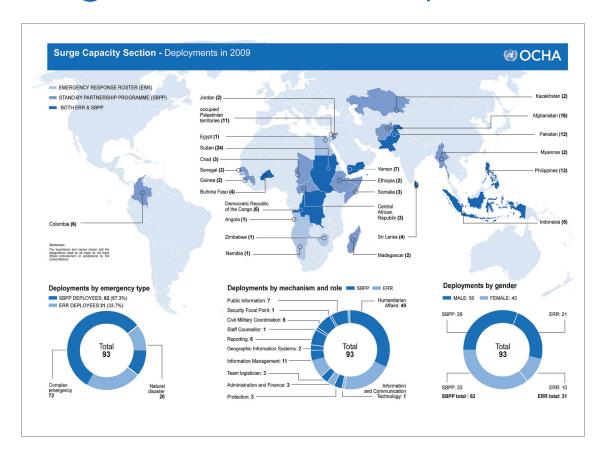
#### **FREQUENCY**

Operational maps are produced as needed and frequently updated.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Operational maps are distributed at the country level through an OCHA web platform or information kiosk. During large scale, corporate emergencies, they are distributed at Headquarters through a graphics and maps mailing list. For more information on operational maps, visit OCHA's country and regional office websites through http://ochaonline.un.org or e-mail Andrew Alspach at alspach@un.org or Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org.

# Organizational Graphics



#### **PURPOSE**

Organizational Graphics provide visual representation of key aspects of OCHA's work. They have been used to show staff deployments, OCHA's global presence and the roll-out of the cluster approach, among other things.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Organizational Graphics are produced as needed and frequently updated.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Developed by OCHA's Advocacy and Visual Media Unit in New York, Organizational Graphics are distributed to donors, Member States and staff. For more information, contact Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org.

# Reference Maps

#### **PURPOSE**

Reference Maps are country-specific maps that show international boundaries, first and second administrative boundaries, major cities, major roads, airports and other basic features as required. They are produced for all countries affected by a humanitarian crisis.



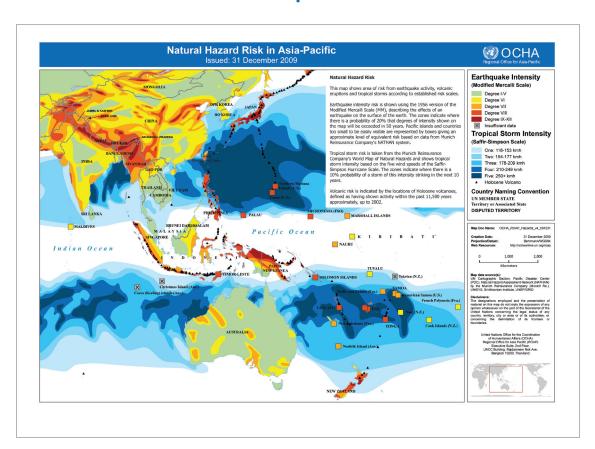
#### **FREQUENCY**

Reference Maps are produced at the onset of a new emergency or by request.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Developed by OCHA's Advocacy and Visual Media Unit in New York, Reference Maps are distributed electronically to OCHA field offices and made available to humanitarian partners through information kiosks. For more information on Reference Maps, contact Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org.

# Thematic Maps



#### **PURPOSE**

Thematic Maps help humanitarian staff to see the trends and risks in a given country or region. They can be used to show access constraints, population movements and weather patterns. They are useful for a local and global audience.

#### **FREQUENCY**

Thematic Maps are produced as needed and frequently updated.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Thematic Maps are distributed at the country and regional level through an OCHA web platform or information kiosk. During large-scale corporate emergencies, they are distributed at Headquarters through a graphics and maps mailing list. For more information on thematic maps, visit OCHA's country and regional office websites through http://ochaonline.un.org or e-mail Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org.

# FILMS PHOTOGRAPHY

IRIN Films
IRIN Photo Archive
OCHA Films

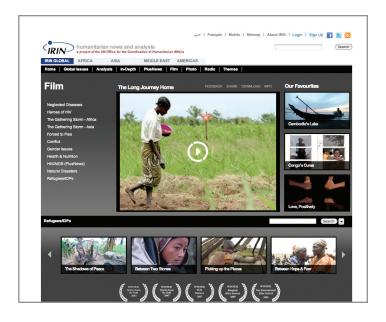


## IRIN Films

#### **PURPOSE**

IRIN Films highlight key humanitarian concerns and provide insight into the lives of people living in difficult environments. Topics include HIV/AIDS, natural disasters, neglected diseases, refugees and internally displaced people, and the effects of climate change.

A recipient of several film awards throughout its history, IRIN was recently named a Webby Honoree in the 14th Annual Webby Awards for its film series *Heroes of HIV*, which profiles people involved in the fight against HIV/AIDS.



#### **FREQUENCY**

In 2010, IRIN's film unit will deliver at least 30 short films for broadcast on major TV channels around the world.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

IRIN Films are available on the IRIN website (www.irinnews.org/film). For more information on IRIN Films, contact Ben Parker at ben@irinnews.org.

## IRIN Photo Archive

#### **PURPOSE**

The IRIN Photo Archive provides a public gallery of photographs relevant to humanitarian actors and international media. Print-quality photos can be downloaded free of charge for non-commercial use. The images cover the world's most pressing humanitarian crises.



#### **FREQUENCY**

The IRIN Photo Archive is updated with new images on a consistent basis.

#### DISTRIBUTION

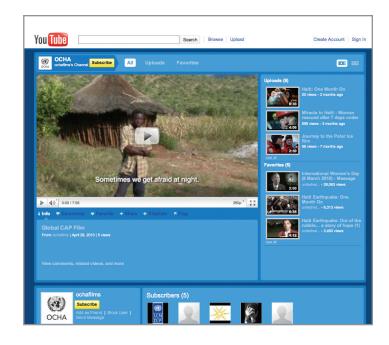
The IRIN Photo Archive can be found on the IRIN website (www.irinnews.org/photo.aspx). Photos are also displayed on IRIN's Flickr site (www.flickr.com/photos/irinphotos/). For more information, e-mail photo@irinnews.org.

### OCHA Films

#### **PURPOSE**

OCHA Films are produced to amplify advocacy messages, raise awareness of specific countries and emergencies, highlight key humanitarian issues or initiatives, broadcast the missions of the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs, and explain OCHA's role and mandate.

They have been produced to highlight the humanitarian community's work in Haiti, Zimbabwe, the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Central African Republic. They have also been produced to promote Consolidated Appeal requirements, the Central Emergency Response Fund and World Humanitarian Day.



#### **FREQUENCY**

OCHA Films are produced in response to humanitarian crises or in advance of a major event, such as the launch of an appeal.

#### DISTRIBUTION

OCHA Films are available on OCHA Online and the OCHA Films YouTube channel (http://www.youtube.com/user/ochafilms). They can also be found on the United Nations multimedia website (http://www.unmultimedia.org). Broadcasters can download footage from UNIFEED (http://www.unmultimedia.org/tv/unifeed). For more information on OCHA Films, contact Kirsten Gelsdorf at gelsdorf@un.org or David Ohana at ohana@un.org.

# WEBSITES

**CERF** 

FTS

**IRIN** 

**OCHA** Online

RedHum

ReliefWeb

Virtual OSOCC



## Central Emergency Response Fund

http://cerf.un.org/

#### **PURPOSE**

As mandated by the General Assembly, the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) website provides an overview of CERF and outlines funded projects and their locations. It also provides guidance on how to apply for funding and how to make a financial contribution to CERF.



#### **SERVICES**

Visitors to the site can research which countries, agencies and sectors have received CERF funding from as far back as 2006. Private organizations and individuals are provided with instructions on how to donate. Anyone can donate from their cell phone by texting CERF to 90999. The donation will appear on your cell phone bill (full terms can be found at www.mgive.com/a).

Key content is offered in French and Spanish.

#### DISTRIBUTION

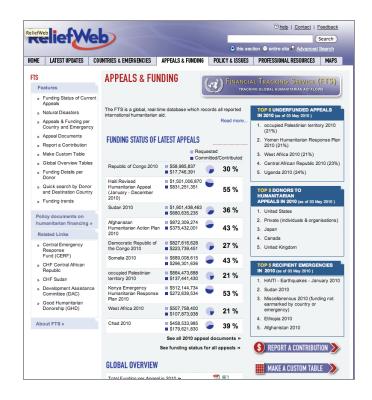
The CERF website offers e-mail subscriptions for the CERF quarterly newsletter. Questions or comments can be sent to cerf@un.org.

## Financial Tracking Service

www.reliefweb.int/fts

#### **PURPOSE**

The Financial Tracking Service (FTS) is an online, real-time database that records all reported international humanitarian aid, both in-kind and cash. FTS indicates to what extent humanitarian aid is provided in proportion to needs and highlights critical funding gaps. The aim is to facilitate funding decisions and provide a solid basis for advocating increased humanitarian financing. By publicly displaying all funding information, FTS provides visibility to donors and increases transparency and accountability in humanitarian aid.



#### **SERVICES**

FTS enables users to:

- Monitor the funding status of an appeal or emergency
- Analyse global funding trends by sector, donor, emergency and recipient organization
- Create overviews of humanitarian funding by donor
- View CAP and Flash Appeal projects
- Learn more about humanitarian strategies and response plans in emergencies by linking to the full appeal documents
- Create customized reports by using the advanced search options

FTS is updated on a continual basis. Contributions can be reported by email to fts@reliefweb.int, by fax (+41 22 917 0368) and through the online form by clicking on the 'report a contribution' tab on the home page.

## IRIN www.irinnews.org

#### **PURPOSE**

The Integrated Regional Information Networks (IRIN) is an award-winning, online humanitarian news and analysis service covering parts of the world often under-reported, misunderstood or ignored. IRIN delivers unique reporting from the frontlines of humanitarian action to over 1 million online readers. It was launched in 1995 and is editorially independent. The service is delivered in English, French and Arabic.



#### **SERVICES**

IRIN offers a broad range of media, including text, film, radio, photography and hard-copy publications. The global text service produces over 400 reports a month. IRIN's Somali radio station has blazed a trail for the past two years, broadcasting on short-wave into the country. IRIN also has an HIV/AIDS service, PlusNews.

IRIN's head office is in Nairobi, Kenya. Its regional desks in Nairobi, Johannesburg, Dakar, Dubai and Bangkok cover some 70 countries. These bureaus are supported by a network of local correspondents.

#### DISTRIBUTION

IRIN offers personalized e-mail subscriptions and content delivery through RSS feeds, Twitter and Facebook.

### **OCHA** Online

http://ochaonline.un.org/

#### **PURPOSE**

OCHA Online is the organization's corporate website. It provides basic information on what OCHA is, what it does and where it works. It provides access to many of the organization's information products and also serves as a gateway to OCHA's family of websites, including individual country and regional office sites, and flagship properties such as ReliefWeb and IRIN.



#### **SERVICES**

Through its 'In Focus' section, OCHA Online provides visitors with photo galleries, films, maps and graphics for specific emergencies. It also provides promotional material for special events such as World Humanitarian Day (19 August).

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

OCHA Online does not currently have an e-mail subscription service or RSS feed of new content, but an update to the site is planned for 2010.

## RedHum www.redhum.org/

#### **PURPOSE**

Launched in 2007, RedHum is a Spanish-language humanitarian information network that covers Latin America and the Caribbean. With focal points in Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panamá and Peru, RedHum facilitates access to humanitarian information.

Country focal points are located within the National Emergency Management Authority. During emergencies, they liaise with the Office of the Resident Coordinator to access key information products and to promote information sharing.



#### **SERVICES**

RedHum collects and distributes reports, appeals, maps, plans, guidelines and other documents from over 600 information providers. The site is updated seven days a week. Since its inception in 2007, it has posted over 20,000 documents to the site.

#### DISTRIBUTION

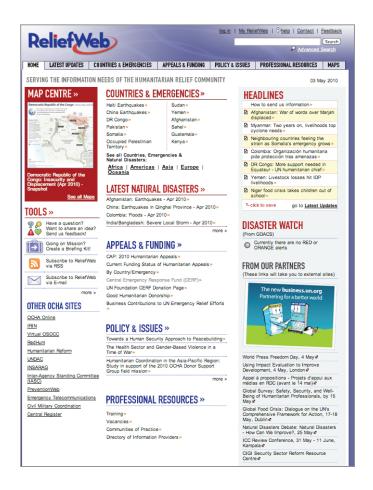
RedHum offers personalized e-mail subscriptions and content delivery through RSS feeds and Twitter.

### ReliefWeb

#### www.reliefweb.int/

#### **PURPOSE**

Launched in 1996, ReliefWeb is the world's leading online gateway to information on humanitarian emergencies. It aims to inform decision makers on a broad range of humanitarian issues, including programming for preparedness, response and recovery as well as funding, research and advocacy.



#### **SERVICES**

ReliefWeb collects and distributes reports, appeals, policy papers, maps and other documents from over 3,700 information providers. Over 67,000 documents were posted to the site in 2009. ReliefWeb also supports humanitarian professionals through resources such as job vacancies and training opportunities. The site is updated 24 hours a day through offices in New York, Geneva and Kobe, Japan.

A major enhancement to ReliefWeb's platform and services is planned in 2010.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

ReliefWeb offers personalized e-mail subscriptions and content delivery through RSS feeds, Twitter and Facebook. Users can also create a "Briefing Kit", which quickly packages and emails the most useful documents on any country or emergency.

## Virtual OSOCC www.gdacs.org/virtualosocc



#### **PURPOSE**

The Virtual On-Site Operations Coordination Centre (Virtual OSOCC) is an online platform for disaster managers to exchange operational information in the immediate aftermath of a major sudden-onset disaster. It is an integral part of the Global Disaster Alert and Coordination System.

The Virtual OSOCC is only available for disaster managers in governments and disaster response organizations. Requests for a user account are evaluated by a Virtual OSOCC administrator.

#### **SERVICES**

Within 30 minutes of the onset of a significant humanitarian emergency, a dedicated disasters discussion is opened. Users can exchange operational information in a structured format and obtain real-time situation updates from dedicated moderators.

The Virtual OSOCC provides links to maps, reports, guidelines, impact estimations and contributions. It includes a searchable contact database of some 11,000 disaster managers and disaster operation centres in governments and humanitarian organizations worldwide. Online procedures are available for managing the mobilization of rosters such as the United Nations Disaster Assessment and Coordination (UNDAC) system or environmental experts.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Virtual OSOCC alert notifications are disseminated by SMS and e-mail to subscribers.

