**Annex I: Needs and Situation Monitoring in the Global Humanitarian Response Plan**

| **Situation and needs** | **Indicator** | **Rationale** | **Frequency** | **Responsible entities** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Spread and severity of the pandemic | Number of COVID-19 cases nationwide | The incidence informs on the trajectory of the epidemic. | Daily | WHO |
| Total number of death among confirmed cases nationwide | Death statistics inform on the severity |
| Number and proportion of new confirmed cases in health care workers |
| Case fatality amongst probable and/or confirmed hospitalized COVID cases |
| Impact on operations | Government measures | Adverse effect on humanitarian operations | Weekly | OCHA |
| Access | Weekly | OCHA |
| Operational capacity of humanitarian organisations | Monthly | Agencies / clusters |
| Food security | Market functionality | COVID-19 containment measures affect market food availability and access | Monthly | WFP |
| Food consumption score | COVID-19 containment measures affect household food security | Monthly | WFP |
| Reduced Coping Strategy Index (rCSI) | COVID-19 containment measures affect household coping capacities | Monthly | WFP |
| Food and crop production estimates | COVID-19 containment measures affect production of food and cash crops | Seasonal, depending on harvesting periods for key crops | FAO |
| Education | Number of children and youth out of school due to mandatory school closures | COVID-19 containment measures affect children’s education | Monthly | UNICEF |
| Sexual and reproductive health | Number of Emergency Obstetrics and Neonatal Care services that meet standards of care in areas of high incidence of COVID-19 cases | COVID-19 containment measures and high COVID-19 incidence rates affect pregnancy and safe delivery | Monthly | UNFPA |

**Annex II: Response Monitoring in the Global Humanitarian Response Plan**

| **Strategic Priority** | **Specific Objective** | **Rationale** | **Indicator** | **Target** | **Responsible** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Contain the spread of the COVID-19 epidemic and decrease morbidity and mortality. | Prepare and be ready | Preparedness is key to decrease risks and prevent the spread of COVID-19 | Proportion of countries that have a national Infection Prevention and Control programme and WASH standards within all healthcare facilities | TBD | WHO |
| Detect and test all cases | Understanding of epidemiology of COVID-19 and detection is life-saving. | Number of countries testing for COVID-19 and reporting routinely through sentinel surveillance or non-sentinel surveillance sites through the Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System or another WHO platform. | TBD | WHO |
| Prevent, suppress and interrupt transmission | Demonstrates the level of preparedness and operational readiness based on the implementation of 2005 International Health Regulations | Proportion of countries with COVID-19 national preparedness and response plan |  | WHO |
| Indicates national government capacities to coordinate the response. | Proportion of countries with a functional multi-sectoral, multi-partner coordination mechanism for COVID-19 preparedness and response | 100% | WHO |
| Learn, innovate and improve | Indicates efforts to improve knowledge and response effectiveness | Proportion of eligible countries to enroll in global clinical trials that participate to clinical trials | TBD | WHO |
| Ensure essential health service and systems | Continuity of health and humanitarian supply chain is crucial for life-saving response and any interruptions will increase risks. | Number of functional hubs for prepositioning and storage of essential health and humanitarian supplies | TBD | WFP |
| Decrease the deterioration of human assets and rights, social cohesion, food security and livelihoods | Preserve the ability of people most vulnerable to the pandemic to meet their food consumption and other basic needs, through their productive activities and access to social safety nets and humanitarian assistance. | Informs on protection of the ability of the most vulnerable people to meet their basic needs | Number and proportion of people most vulnerable to COVID-19 who have received livelihood support, e.g. cash transfers, inputs, technical assistance etc.  Number of people most vulnerable to COVID-19 who benefit from increased or expanded social safety net | TBD | FAO  IOM  UNDP  UNICEF  UNHCR |
| Ensure the continuity and safety from infection of essential services including health, water and sanitation, nutrition, shelter protection and education for the population groups most exposed and vulnerable to the pandemic. | Informs on protection of the ability of affected people to receive essential services | Proportion of safe, functional and non-infected essential services | TBD | IOM  UNHCR  UNICEF |
| Number of Outpatient Patient Department attendance compared to same month previous year | TBD | WHO |
| Secure the continuity of the supply chain for essential commodities and services such as food, time-critical productive and agricultural inputs, sexual and reproductive health, and non-food items. | Helps maintain continuity of life-saving humanitarian response | Number of air cargo flights carrying essential commodities | TBD | WFP |
| Protect, assist and advocate for refugees, IDPs, migrants and host communities particularly vulnerable to the pandemic. | Advocate and ensure that refugees, migrants, IDPs, people of concern and host population groups who are particularly vulnerable to the pandemic receive COVID-19 assistance. | Refugees, IDPs, migrants and host communities face specific vulnerabilities to the pandemic | Number of refugees, IDPs, migrants and host communities particularly vulnerable to the pandemic that receive COVID-19 assistance | TBD | IFRC  IOM  UNHCR  UNICEF  WHO |
| Prevent, anticipate and address risks of violence, discrimination, marginalization and xenophobia towards refugees, migrants, IDPs and people of concern by enhancing awareness and understanding of the COVID-19 pandemic at community level. | Communities must be aware and engaged, and messages from credible sources reach the most vulnerable | Number of communities with established hotlines functioning and increased access to timely and accurate information on COVID-19 from credible sources | TBD | UNDP |
| Number of refugees, IDPs, migrants and host communities particularly vulnerable to the pandemic that receive adequate risk information | TBD | IFRC  IOM  UNHCR  UNICEF  WHO |
| Number of communal conflicts in affected communities | TBD | IOM |
| Proportion of affected population expressing satisfaction on access to services, rights and information | TBD | IOM |